



WIDEST TEMPERATURE LOW POWER OSCILLATOR FOR AUTOMOTIVE AEC-Q100 SERIES "WTLPO-AUT" 115.2 -137.0 MHz

FEATURES

- + AEC-Q100 with extended temperature range (-55°C to 125°C)
- + 100% pin-to-pin drop-in replacement to quartz and MEMS based XO
- + Highest Temperature Low Power Oscillator for Low Cost
- + Excellent long time reliability-outperforms quartz-based XO
- + Supply voltage of 1.8V or 2.25V to 3.63V
- + Low power consumption of 3.8 mA typical at 1.8V
- + Excellent total frequency stability as low as ±20ppm
- + Outstanding G-sensitivity of 0.1 PPB/G
- + LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible output
- + Pb-free, RoHS and REACH compliant

Automotive extreme temper

APPLICATIONS

- + Automotive, extreme temperature and other high-rel electronics
- Infotainment systems, collision detection devices, and in-vehicle networking
- + Power train control
- + etc.

GENERAL DATA^[1]

| PARAMETER AND CONDITIONS | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT | CONDITION |
|------------------------------------|--------|-------|------|------|------|--|
| FREQUENCY RANGE | | | | | | |
| Output Frequency Range | f | 115.2 | - | 137 | MHz | |
| FREQUENCY STABILITY AND AGING | | | | | | |
| Frequency Stability | F_stab | -20 | - | +20 | PPM | Inclusive of initial tolerance at 25°C, 1st year aging at 25°C, |
| | | -25 | - | +25 | PPM | and variations over operating temperature, rated power |
| | | -30 | - | +30 | PPM | supply voltage and load (15 pF ± 10%). |
| | | -50 | - | +50 | PPM | |
| OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE | | | | | | |
| Operating Temperature Range | T_use | -40 | - | +85 | °C | Industrial, AEC-Q100 Grade 3 |
| | | -40 | - | +105 | °C | Extended Industrial, AEC-Q100 Grade 2 |
| | | -40 | - | +125 | °C | Automotive, AEC-Q100 Grade 1 |
| | | -55 | - | +125 | °C | Extended Temperature, AEC-Q100 |
| SUPPLY VOLTAGE AND CURRENT CONSUMP | PTION | | | | | |
| Supply Voltage | VDD | 1.62 | 1.8 | 1.98 | ۷ | All voltages between 2.25V and 3.63V including 2.5V, 2.8V, 3.0V $$ |
| | | 2.25 | - | 3.63 | V | and 3.3V are supported. Contact PETERMANN-TECHNIK for 1.5V support. |
| Current Consumption | lod | - | 6.0 | 8 | mA | Noload condition, f = 125 MHz, VDD = 2.25V to 3.63V |
| | | - | 4.9 | 6 | mA | No load condition, f = 125 MHz, V_{DD} = 1.62V to 1.98V |
| LVCMOS OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | |
| Duty Cycle | DC | 45 | - | 55 | % | All VDDs |
| Rise/Fall Time | Tr, Tf | - | 1.5 | 3.0 | ns | VDD = 2.25V - 3.63V, 20% - 80% |
| | | - | 1.5 | 2.5 | ns | V _{DD} =1.8V, 20% - 80% |
| Output High Voltage | VOH | 90% | - | - | Vdd | IOH = -4 mA (V _{DD} = 3.0V or 3.3V) IOH = -3 mA (V _{DD} = 2.8V and VDD= 2.5V) IOH = -2 mA (V _{DD} = 1.8V) |
| Output Low Voltage | VOL | - | - | 10% | VDD | IOL = 4 mA (VDD = 3.0V or 3.3V) IOL = 3 mA (VDD= 2.8V and VDD = 2.5V) IOL = 2 mA (VDD = 1.8V) |





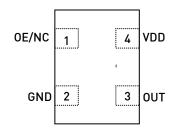
GENERAL DATA^[1] (continued)

| PARAMETER AND CONDITIONS | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT | CONDITION |
|-------------------------------------|---------|------|------|-------|--|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | |
| Input High Voltage | VIH | 70% | - | - | VDD | Pin 1, OE |
| Input Low Voltage | VIL | - | - | 30% | VDD | Pin 1, OE |
| Input Pull-up Impedence | Z_in | - | 100 | - | kΩ | Pin 1, OE logic high or logic low |
| STARTUP AND RESUME TIMING | | | | | | |
| Startup Time | T_start | - | - | 5 | ms | Measured from the time VDD reaches its rated minimum value |
| Enable/Disable Time | T_oe | - | - | 130 | ns | f = 115.2 MHz. For other frequencies, T_oe = 100 ns + 3* cycles |
| JITTER | | | | | | |
| RMS Period Jitter | T_jitt | - | 1.6 | 2.5 | ps | f = 125MHz, 2.25V - 3.63V |
| | | - | 1.8 | 3 | ps | f = 125MHz, VDD = 1.8V |
| Peak-to-peak Period Jitter | T_pk | - | 12 | 20 | ps | f = 125 MHz, Vdd = 2.5V, 2.8V, 3.0V or 3.3V |
| | | - | 14 | 30 | ps | f = 125 MHz, Vdd = 1.8V |
| RMS Phase Jitter (random) | T_phj | - | 0.7 | - | ps | f = 125 MHz, Integration bandwidth = 900 kHz to 7.5 MHz |
| | | - | 1.5 | - | ps | f = 125 MHz, Integration bandwidth = 12 kHz to 20 MHz |
| ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE | | | | | | |
| Moisture sensitivity level | | | | | MSL | 1@ 260°C |
| G-Sensitivity | | | | | 0. | 1PPB/G |
| MAXIMUM OPERATING JUNCTION TEMPERAT | URE 😰 | | | | | |
| Max Operating Temperature (ambient) | | | | | Maximum Operating Junction Temperature | |
| 85°C | | | 95°C | | | 95°C |
| 105°C | | | | 115°C | | |
| 125°C | | | | 135°C | | |

PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN | SYMBOL | | FUNCTIONALITY |
|-----|--------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | OE/NC | Output Enable No connect | H ^[2] : specified frequency output L: output is high impedance. Only output driver is disabled. Any voltage between 0 and VDD or Open ^[2] : Specified fre- |
| | | quency output. Pin 1 has no function. | |
| 2 | GND | Power | Electrical ground ^[3] |
| 3 | OUT | Output | Oscillator output |
| 4 | VDD | Power | Power supply voltage ^[3] |

TOP VIEW



Note: 1. All Min and Max limits are specified over temperature and rated operating voltage with 15 pF output load unless otherwise stated. Typical values are at 25°C and nominal supply voltage. 2.Datasheet specifications are not guaranteed if junction temperature exceeds the maximum operating junction temperature. 3.In OE mode, a pull-up resistor of 10k0 or less is recommended if pin 1 is not externally driven. If pin 1 needs to be left floating, use the NC option.

4. A capacitor value of 0.1 μF or higher between VDD and GND is required.





TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORM^[4]

FIGURE 1. TEST CIRCUIT

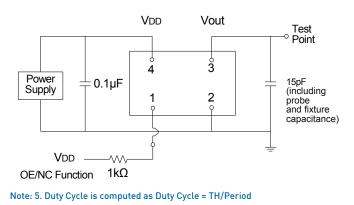
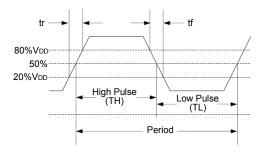


FIGURE 2. WAVEFORM



TIMING DIAGRAMS

FIGURE 3. STARTUP TIMING (OE MODE)

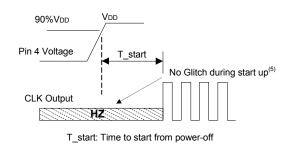
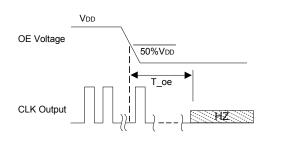
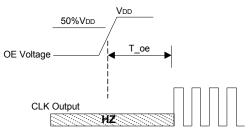


FIGURE 5. OE DISABLE TIMING (OE MODE ONLY)



T_oe: Time to put the output drive in High Z mode

FIGURE 4. OE ENABLE TIMING (OE MODE ONLY)



T_oe: Time to re-enable the clock output

Note: 6. WTLPO-AUT has "no runt" pulses and "no glitch" output during startup or resume.





PROGRAMMABLE DRIVE STRENGTH

The WTLPO-AUT includes a programmable drive strength named SoftLevel feature to provide a simple, flexible tool to optimize the clock rise/fall time for specific applications. Benefits from the programmable drive strength feature are:

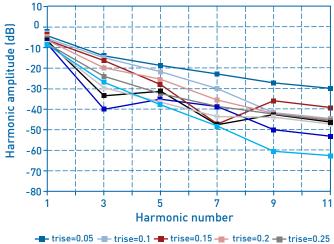
- + Improves system radiated electromagnetic interference (EMI) by slowing down the clock rise/fall time
- + Improves the downstream clock receiver's (RX) jitter by decreasing (speeding up) the clock rise/fall time.
- + Ability to drive large capacitive loads while maintaining full swing with sharp edge rates.

For more detailed information about rise/fall time control and drive strength selection, please contacts the application engineers of Petermann-Technik.

EMI REDUCTION BY SLOWING RISE/FALL TIME (SoftLevel FUNCTION)

Figure 6 shows the harmonic power reduction as the rise/fall times are increased (slowed down). The rise/fall times are expressed as a ratio of the clock period. For the ratio of 0.05, the signal is very close to a square wave. For the ratio of 0.45, the rise/fall times are very close to near-triangular waveform. These results, for example, show that the 11th clock harmonic can be reduced by 35 dB if the rise/fall edge is increased from 5% of the period to 45% of the period.

FIGURE 6. HARMONIC EMI REDUCTION AS A FUNCTION OF SLOWER RISE/FALL TIME (SoftLevel FUNCTION)





JITTER REDUCTION WITH FASTER RISE/FALL TIME

Power supply noise can be a source of jitter for the downstream chipset. One way to reduce this jitter is to increase rise/fall time (edge rate) of the input clock. Some chipsets would require faster rise/fall time in order to reduce their sensitivity to this type of jitter. Refer to the Rise/Fall Time Tables to determine the proper drive strength.

HIGH OUTPUT LOAD CAPABILITY

The rise/fall time of the input clock varies as a function of the actual capacitive load the clock drives. At any given drive strength, the rise/fall time becomes slower as the output load increases. As an example, for a 3.3V WTLPO-AUT device with default drive strength setting, the typical rise/fall time is 0.46 ns for 5 pF output load. The typical rise/fall time slows down to 1 ns when the output load increases to 15 pF. One can choose to speed up the rise/fall time to 0.72 ns by then increasing the drive strength setting on the WTLPO-AUT.

The WTLPO-AUT can support up to 30 pF in maximum capacitive loads with up to 3 additional drive strength settings. Refer to the Rise/Tall Time Tables (Table 1 to 5) to determine the proper drive strength for the desired combination of output load vs. rise/fall time.

WTLPO-AUT DRIVE STRENGTH SELECTION

Tables 1 through 5 define the rise/fall time for a given capacitive load and supply voltage.

- 1. Select the table that matches the WTLPO-AUT nominal supply voltage (1.8V, 2.5V, 2.8V, 3.0V, 3.3V).
- 2. Select the capacitive load column that matches the application requirement (5 pF to 30 pF)
- 3. Under the capacitive load column, select the desired rise/fall times.
- 4. The left-most column represents the part number code for the corresponding drive strength.
- 5. Add the drive strength code to the part number for ordering purposes.

CALCULATING MAXIMUM FREQUENCY

Based on the rise and fall time data given in Tables 1 through 5, the maximum frequency the oscillator can operate with guaranteed full swing of the output voltage over temperature as follows:

Max. frequency =
$$\frac{1}{5 \times Trf 20/80}$$

where Trf_20/80 is the typical value for 20%-80% rise/fall time.

EXAMPLE 1

Calculate fMAX for the following condition:

- + VDD = 3.3V (Table 5)
- + Capacitive Load: 30pF
- + Desired Tr/f time = 1.46 ns (rise/fall time part number code=U)

Part number for the above example:

WTLP0-AUT33-2520-E-25-WT-125.000MHz-T-S

Drive strength code is inserted here. Standard setting is "S"





RISE/FALL TIME (20% TO 80%) vs CLOAD

TABLE 1. VDD = 1.8V RISE/FALL TIMES FOR SPECIFIC CLOAD

| RISE/FALL TIME TYP (NS) | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|--------------------|--|--|
| Drive Strength \ CLOAD | 5 pF | 15 pF | | |
| Т | 0.93 | n/a ⁽⁶⁾ | | |
| E | 0.78 | n/a | | |
| U | 0.70 | 1.48 | | |
| S for standard | 0.65 | 1.30 | | |

TABLE 2. VDD = 2.5V RISE/FALL TIMES FOR SPECIFIC CLOAD

| RISE/FALL TIME TYP (NS) | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|-------|--|--|
| Drive Strength \ CLOAD | 5 pF | 15 pF | | |
| R | 1.45 | n/a | | |
| В | 1.09 | n/a | | |
| т | 0.62 | 1.28 | | |
| E | 0.54 | 1.00 | | |
| S for standard | 0.43 | 0.96 | | |
| F | 0.34 | 0.88 | | |

TABLE 3. VDD = 2.8V RISE/FALL TIMES FOR SPECIFIC CLOAD

| RISE/FALL TIME TYP (NS) | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Drive Strength \ CLOAD | 5 pF | 15 pF | 30 pF | | |
| R | 1.29 | n/a | n/a | | |
| В | 0.97 | n/a | n/a | | |
| т | 0.55 | 1.12 | n/a | | |
| E | 0.44 | 1.00 | n/a | | |
| S for standard | 0.34 | 0.88 | n/a | | |
| F | 0.29 | 0.81 | 1.48 | | |

TABLE 5. VDD = 3.3V RISE/FALL TIMES FOR SPECIFIC CLOAD

| RISE/FALL TIME TYP (NS) | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 5 pF | 15 pF | 30 pF | | |
| 1.16 | n/a | n/a | | |
| 0.81 | n/a | n/a | | |
| 0.46 | 1.00 | n/a | | |
| 0.33 | 0.87 | n/a | | |
| 0.28 | 0.79 | 1.46 | | |
| 0.25 | 0.72 | 1.31 | | |
| | 5 pF 1.16 0.81 0.46 0.33 0.28 | 5 pF 15 pF 1.16 n/a 0.81 n/a 0.46 1.00 0.33 0.87 0.28 0.79 | | |

TABLE 4. VDD = 3.0V RISE/FALL TIMES FOR SPECIFIC CLOAD

| RISE/FALL TIME TYP (NS) | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|-------|-------|--|
| Drive Strength \ CLOAD | 5 pF | 15 pF | 30 pF | |
| R | 1.22 | n/a | n/a | |
| В | 0.89 | n/a | n/a | |
| S for standard | 0.51 | 1.00 | n/a | |
| E | 0.38 | 0.92 | n/a | |
| U | 0.30 | 0.83 | n/a | |
| F | 0.27 | 0.76 | 1.39 | |

Note: 7. "n/a" in Table 1 to Table 5 indicates that the resulting rise/fall time from the respective combination of the drive strength and output load does not provide rail-torail swing and is not available.





PIN 1 CONFIGURATION OPTIONS (OE or NC)

Pin 1 of the WTLPO-AUT can be factory-programmed to support two modes: Output enable (OE) or No Connect (NC).

OUTPUT ENABLE (OE) MODE

In the OE mode, applying logic Low to the OE pin only disables the output driver and puts it in Hi-Z mode. The core of the device continues to operate normally. Power consumption is reduced due to the inactivity of the output. When the OE pin is pulled High, the output is typically enabled in <1 μ s.

NO CONNECT (NC) MODE

In the NC mode, the device always operates in its normal mode and output the specified frequency regardless of the logic level on pin 1. Table 6 below summarizes the key relevant parameters in the operation of the device in OE or NC mode.

TABLE 6. OE vs. NC

| | OE | NC |
|-----------------------------------|--------|------|
| Active current 20 MHz (max, 1.8V) | 6 mA | 6 mA |
| OE disable current (max. 1.8V) | 4 mA | N/A |
| OE enable time at 110 MHz (max) | 130 ns | N/A |
| Output driver in OE disable | High Z | N/A |

OUTPUT ON STARTUP AND RESUME

The WTLPO-AUT comes with gated output. Its clock output is accurate to the rated frequency stability within the first pulse from initial device startup or when the output driver is enabled.

In addition, the WTLPO-AUT supports "no runt" pulses and "no glitch" output during startup or when the device output driver is enabled as shown in the waveform captures in Figure 7 and Figure 8.

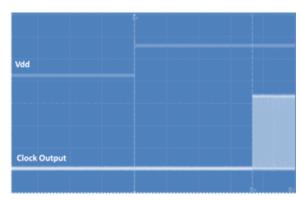


FIGURE 8. STARTUP WAVEFORM vs. VDD (ZOOMED-IN VIEW OF FIGURE 7)

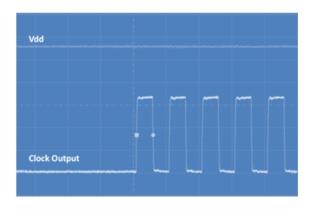


FIGURE 7. STARTUP WAVEFORM vs. VDD

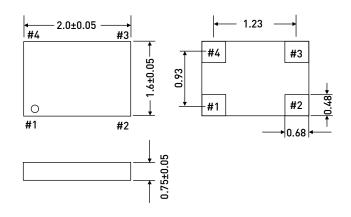




DIMENSIONS AND PATTERNS

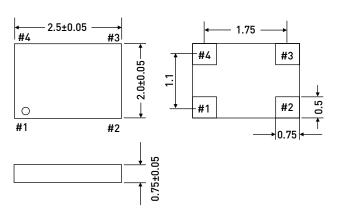
PACKAGE SIZE – DIMENSIONS (UNIT:MM)

2.0 X 1.6 X 0.75 MM



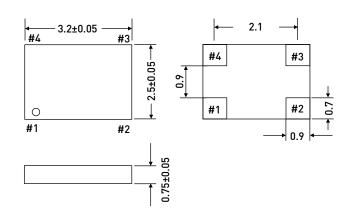
PACKAGE SIZE – DIMENSIONS (UNIT:MM)

2.5 X 2.0 X 0.75 MM

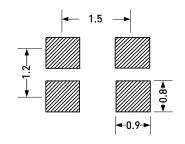


PACKAGE SIZE – DIMENSIONS (UNIT:MM)

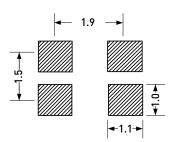
3.2 X 2.5 X 0.75 MM



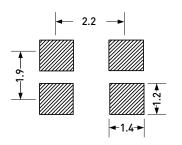
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (UNIT:MM) [6]



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (UNIT:MM)



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (UNIT:MM)



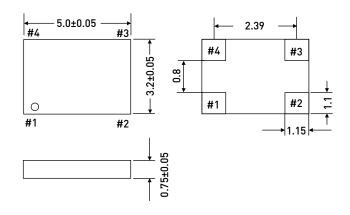




DIMENSIONS AND PATTERNS

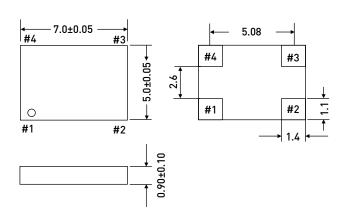
PACKAGE SIZE – DIMENSIONS (UNIT:MM)

5.0 X 3.2 X 0.75 MM

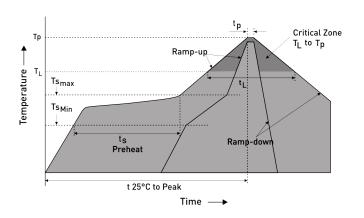


PACKAGE SIZE – DIMENSIONS (UNIT:MM)

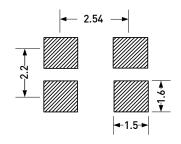
7.0 X 5.0 X 0.90 MM



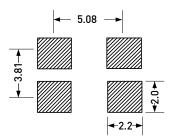
REFLOW SOLDER PROFILE



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (UNIT:MM) [7]



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (UNIT:MM)

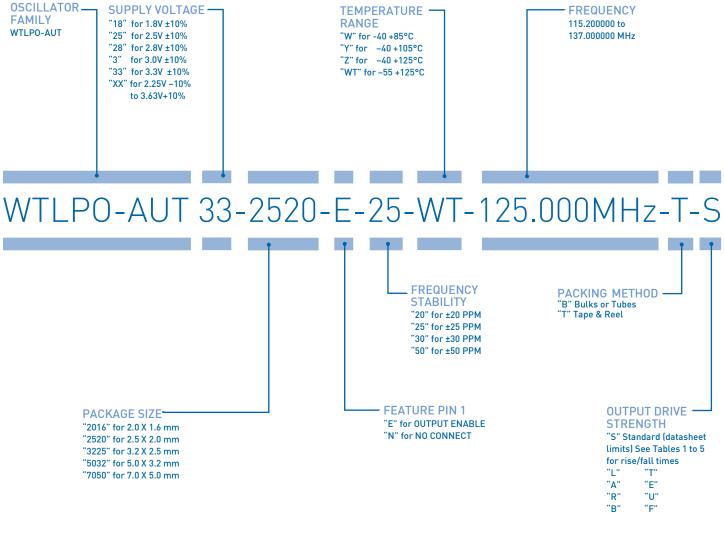


| [•] IPC/JEDEC Standard | IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Moisture Sensitivity Level | Level 1 |
| TS MAX to TL (Ramp-up Rate) | 3°C/second Maximum |
| Preheat | |
| - Temperature Minimum (TS MIN) | 150°C |
| - Temperature Typical (TS TYP) | 175°C |
| - Temperature Typical (TS MAX) | 200°C |
| - Time (tS) | 60 - 180 Seconds |
| Ramp-up Rate (TL to TP) | 3°C/second Maximum |
| Time Maintained Above: | |
| - Temperature (TL) | 217°C |
| - Time (TL) | 60 - 150 Seconds |
| Peak Temperature (TP) | 260°C Maximum |
| Target Peak Temperature (TP Target) | 255°C |
| Time within 5°C of actual peak (tP) | 20 -40 Seconds |
| Max. Number of Reflow Cycles | 3 |
| Ramp-down Rate | 6°C/second Maximum |
| Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t) | 8 minutes Maximum |





ORDERING INFORMATION



EXAMPLE: WTLPO-AUT33-2520-E-25-WT-125.000MH-T-S

PLEASE CLICK HERE TO CREATE YOUR OWN ORDERING CODE

FOR THE TEMPERATURE: -40 +85°C / -40 +105°C / -40 +125°C / PLEASE SEE LPO-AUT & HTLPO-AUT PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS







PREMIUM QUALITY BY PETERMANN-TECHNIK



OUR COMPANY IS CERTIFIED ACCORDING TO ISO 9001:2015 IN OCTOBER 2016 BY THE DMSZ CERTIFIKATION GMBH.

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