

# HIGH TEMPERATURE LOW POWER PROGRAMMABLE OSCILLATOR

SERIES "HTLPOP"

1.0—110.0 MHz

## **FEATURES**

- + 100% pin-to-pin drop-in replacement to quartz and MEMS based XO
- + High Temperature Low Power Programmable Oscillator for Low Cost
- + Excellent long time reliability-outperforms quartz-based XO
- + Operating temperature from -40°C to 125°C /-55°C to 125°C optional
- + Supply voltage of 1.8V, 2.5V to 3.3VDC
- + Excellent total frequency stability as low as ±20 ppm
- + LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible output
- + Express samples within 1 day ex works PETERMANN-TECHNIK
- + Pb-free, RoHS and REACH compliant / MSL1@260°C

## **APPLICATIONS**

+ All high temperature applications for -40/+125°C (non AEQ-Q100 automotive and avionics)

# GENERAL DATA[1,2]

PARAMETER AND CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITION
FREQUENCY RANGE						
Output Frequency Range	f	1	-	110	MHz	
FREQUENCY STABILITY AND AGING						
Frequency Stability	F_stab	-20	-	+20	PPM	Inclusive of initial tolerance at 25°C, 1st year aging at 25°C,
		-25	-	+25	PPM	and variations over operating temperature, rated power
		-30	-	+30	PPM	supply voltage and load (15 pF $\pm$ 10%).
		-50	_	+50	PPM	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE						
Operating Temperature Range	T_use	-40	-	+105	°C	
		-40	-	+125	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T_stor	-55	-	+125	°C	Storage
SUPPLY VOLTAGE AND CURRENT CONSUMPT	ION					
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	1.62	1.8	1.98	V	
		2.25	2.5	2.75	V	
		2.52	2.8	3.08	V	
		2.7	3.0	3.3	V	
		2.97	3.3	3.63	V	
		2.25	-	3.63	V	
Current Consumption	IDD	-	3.8	4.5	mA	No load condition, $f = 20  MHz$ , $VDD = 2.8V$ , $3.0V$ , or $3.3V$
		-	3.6	4.2	mA	No load condition, f = 20 MHz, VDD = 2.5V
		-	3.4	4	mA	No load condition, $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{V}$
OE Disable Current	I_od	-	-	4.1	mA	$V_{DD}$ = 2.5V to 3.3V, 0E = Low, output in high Z state
		-	-	3.8	mA	V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V, 0E = Low, output in high Z state
Standby Current	l_std	-	2.6	8.5	μΑ	VDD = 2.8V to 3.3V, ST = Low, output is pulled down
		-	1.4	5.5	μΑ	VDD = 2.5V, ST = Low, output is pulled down
		-	0.6	3.5	μА	VDD = 1.8V, ST = Low, output is pulled down

Note: 1. All electrical specifications in the above table are specified with 15 pF output load at default drive strength and for all VDD(s) unless otherwise stated.

2. The typical value of any parameter in the Electrical Characteristic table is specified for the nominal value of the highest voltage option for that parameter and at 25 °C temperature.



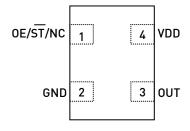
# **GENERAL DATA**<sup>[1]</sup> (continued)

PARAMETER AND CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITION	
LVCMOS OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Duty Cycle	DC	45	-	55	%	All VDDs	
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	-	1.0	2.0	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5V, 2.8V, 3.0V or 3.3V, 20% - 80%	
		-	1.3	2.5	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> =1.8V, 20% - 80%	
		-	1.0	3.0	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.25V - 3.63V, 20% - 80%	
Output High Voltage	VOH	90%	-	-	VDD	IOH = -4 mA (Vpp = 3.0V or 3.3V) IOH = -3 mA (Vpp = 2.8V and VDD= 2.5V) IOH = -2 mA (Vpp= 1.8V)	
Output Low Voltage	VOL	-	-	10%	VDD	IOL = 4 mA (VDD = 3.0V or 3.3V) IOL = 3 mA (VDD= 2.8V and VDD = 2.5V) IOL = 2 mA (VDD = 1.8V)	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Input High Voltage	VIH	<b>70</b> %	-	-	V <sub>DD</sub>	Pin 1, 0E or ST	
Input Low Voltage	VIL	-	-	30%	VDD	Pin 1, 0E or ST	
Input Pull-up Impedence	Z_in	50	87	150	kΩ	Pin 1, 0E logic high or logic low, or ST logic high	
		2	_	_	МΩ	Pin 1, ST logic low	
STARTUP AND RESUME TIMING							
Startup Time	T_start	-	-	5	ms	Measured from the time VDD reaches 90% of final value	
Enable/Disable Time	T_oe	-	-	130	ns	$f$ = 110 MHz. For other frequencies, $T_oe$ = 100 ns + 3* clock periods	
Resume Time	T_resume	-	_	5	ms	Measured from the time ST pin crosses 50% threshold	
JITTER							
RMS Period Jitter	T_jitt	-	1.6	2.5	ps	$f = 75 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{DD} = 2.5V$ , $2.8V$ , $3.0V$ or $3.3V$	
		-	1.9	3	ps	f = 75 MHz, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V	
Peak-to-peak Period Jitter	T_pk	-	12	20	ps	$f = 75 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{DD} = 2.5V$ , $2.8V$ , $3.0V$ or $3.3V$	
		-	14	30	ps	f = 75 MHz, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V	
RMS Phase Jitter (random)	T_phj	-	0.5	0.8	ps	f = 75 MHz, Integration bandwidth = 900 kHz to 7.5 MHz $$	
		-	1.3	2	ps	f = 75 MHz, Integration bandwidth = 12 kHz to 20 MHz	
EXCELLENT RELIABILITY DATA							
MTBF					500 m	illion hours	
Shock Resistance:			10.000 G				
Vibration Resistance:						70 g	

# PIN DESCRIPTION

# TOP VIEW

PIN	SYMBOL		FUNCTIONALITY
		Output Enable	H <sup>(3)</sup> : specified frequency output L: output is high impedance. Only output driver is disabled.
1	OE/ ST/NC	Standby	H <sup>[3]</sup> - specified frequency output L: output is low (weak pull down). Device goes to sleep mode. Supply current reduces to I_std.
		No connect	Any voltage between 0 and VDD or Open $^{[3]}$ : Specified frequency output. Pin 1 has no function.
2	GND	Power	Electrical ground <sup>[4]</sup>
3	OUT	Output	Oscillator output
4	VDD	Power	Power supply voltage <sup>[4]</sup>



Note: 3. In OE or ST mode, a pull-up resistor of 10kΩ or less is recommended if pin 1 is not externally driven. If pin 1 needs to be left floating, use the NC option.

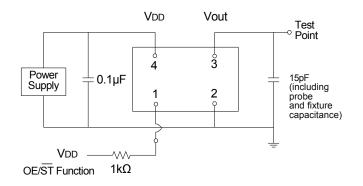
4. A capacitor value of 0.1 μF between VDD and GND is required.



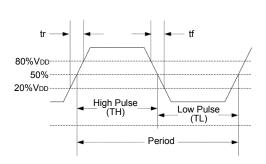


# **TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORM**

#### FIGURE 1. TEST CIRCUIT

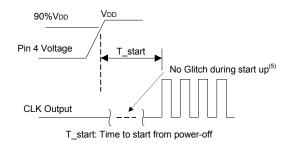


#### FIGURE 2. WAVEFORM

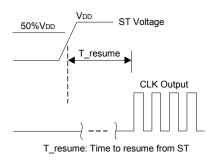


## **TIMING DIAGRAMS**

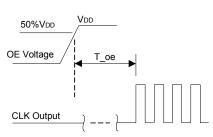
### FIGURE 3. STARTUP TIMING (OE/ST MODE)



#### FIGURE 4. STANDBY RESUME TIMING (ST MODE ONLY)

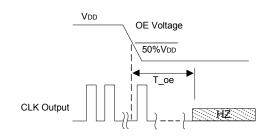


#### FIGURE 5. OE ENABLE TIMING (OE MODE ONLY)



T\_OE: Time to re-enable the clock output

#### FIGURE 6. OE DISABLE TIMING (OE MODE ONLY)



 $T\_OE$ : Time to put the output drive in High Z mode



# PROGRAMMABLE DRIVE STRENGTH

The HTLPOP includes a programmable drive strength feature named SoftLevel to provide a simple, flexible tool to optimize the clock rise/fall time for specific applications. Benefits from the programmable drive strength feature are:

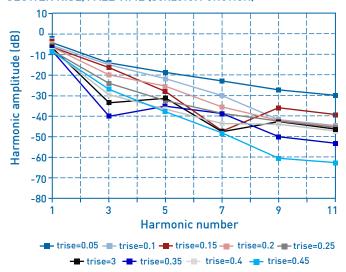
- + Improves system radiated electromagnetic interference (EMI) by slowing down the clock rise/fall time
- + Improves the downstream clock receiver's (RX) jitter by decreasing (speeding up) the clock rise/fall time.
- Ability to drive large capacitive loads while maintaining full swing with sharp edge rates.

For more detailed information about rise/fall time control and drive strength selection, please contact Petermann-Technik Application Engineers.

#### EMI REDUCTION BY SLOWING RISE/FALL TIME (SoftLevel FUNCTION)

Figure 7 shows the harmonic power reduction as the rise/fall times are increased (slowed down). The rise/fall times are expressed as a ratio of the clock period. For the ratio of 0.05, the signal is very close to a square wave. For the ratio of 0.45, the rise/fall times are very close to near-triangular waveform. These results, for example, show that the 11th clock harmonic can be reduced by 35 dB if the rise/fall edge is increased from 5% of the period to 45% of the period.

# FIGURE 7. HARMONIC EMI REDUCTION AS A FUNCTION OF SLOWER RISE/FALL TIME (SoftLevel FUNCTION)



## JITTER REDUCTION WITH FASTER RISE/FALL TIME

Power supply noise can be a source of jitter for the downstream chipset. One way to reduce this jitter is to increase rise/fall time (edge rate) of the input clock. Some chipsets would require faster rise/fall time in order to reduce their sensitivity to this type of jitter. The HTLPOP provides up to 3 additional high drive strength settings for very fast rise/fall time. Refer to the Rise/Fall Time Tables to determine the proper drive strength.

#### HIGH OUTPUT LOAD CAPABILITY

The rise/fall time of the input clock varies as a function of the actual capacitive load the clock drives. At any given drive strength, the rise/fall time becomes slower as the output load increases. As an example, for a 3.3V HTLPOP device with default drive strength setting, the typical rise/fall time is 1 ns for 15 pF output load. The typical rise/fall time slows down to 2.6 ns when the output load increases to 45 pF. One can choose to speed up the rise/fall time to 1.83ns by then increasing the drive strength setting on the HTLPOP.

The HTLPOP can support up to 60 pF or higher in maximum capacitive loads with drive strength settings. Refer to the Rise/Tall Time Tables (Table 1 to 5) to determine the proper drive strength for the desired combination of output load vs. rise/fall time.

#### HTLPOP DRIVE STRENGTH SELECTION

Tables 1 through 5 define the rise/fall time for a given capacitive load and supply voltage.

- 1. Select the table that matches the HTLPOP nominal supply voltage (1.8V, 2.5V, 2.8V, 3.0V, 3.3V).
- Select the capacitive load column that matches the application requirement (5 pF to 60 pF)
- 3. Under the capacitive load column, select the desired rise/fall times.
- 4. The left-most column represents the part number code for the corresponding drive strength.
- 5. Add the drive strength code to the part number for ordering purposes.

#### **CALCULATING MAXIMUM FREQUENCY**

Based on the rise and fall time data given in Tables 1 through 5, the maximum frequency the oscillator can operate with guaranteed full swing of the output voltage over temperature as follows:

Max. frequency = 
$$\frac{1}{5 \times Trf \ 20/80}$$

where Trf\_20/80 is the typical value for 20%-80% rise/fall time.

#### **EXAMPLE 1**

Calculate fmax for the following condition:

- + VDD = 1.8V (Table 1)
- + Capacitive Load: 30pF
- + Desired Tr/f time = 3 ns (rise/fall time part number code=E)

Part number for the above example:

HTLP0P18-2520-E-25-Y-75.000MHz-T-S

Drive strength code is inserted here. Standard setting is "S"



# RISE/FALL TIME (20% TO 80%) vs CLOAD

TABLE 1. VDD = 1.8V RISE/FALL TIMES FOR SPECIFIC CLOAD

RISE/FALL TIME TYP (NS)						
Drive Strength \ CLOAD	5 pF	15 pF	30 pF	45 pF	60 pF	
L	6.16	11.61	22.00	31.27	39.91	
Α	3.19	6.35	11.00	16.01	21.52	
R	2.11	4.31	7.65	10.77	14.47	
В	1.65	3.23	5.79	8.18	11.08	
T	0.93	1.91	3.32	4.66	6.48	
E	0.78	1.66	2.94	4.09	5.74	
U	0.70	1.48	2.64	3.68	5.09	
S for standard	0.65	1.30	2.40	3.35	4.56	

TABLE 2. VDD = 2.5V RISE/FALL TIMES FOR SPECIFIC CLOAD

RISE/FALL TIME TYP (NS)					
Drive Strength \ CLOAD	5 pF	15 pF	30 pF	45 pF	60 pF
L	4.13	8.25	12.82	21.45	27.79
Α	2.11	4.27	7.64	11.20	14.49
R	1.45	2.81	5.16	7.65	9.88
В	1.09	2.20	3.88	5.86	7.57
Т	0.62	1.28	2.27	3.51	4.45
S for standard	0.54	1.00	2.01	3.10	4.01
U	0.43	0.96	1.81	2.79	3.65
F	0.34	0.88	1.64	2.54	3.32

TABLE 3. VDD = 2.8V RISE/FALL TIMES FOR SPECIFIC CLOAD

RISE/FALL TIME TYP (NS)						
Drive Strength \ CLOAD	5 pF	15 pF	30 pF	45 pF	60 pF	
L	3.77	7.54	12.28	19.57	25.27	
Α	1.94	3.90	7.03	10.24	13.34	
R	1.29	2.57	4.72	7.01	9.06	
В	0.97	2.00	3.54	5.43	6.93	
T	0.55	1.12	2.08	3.22	4.08	
S for standard	0.44	1.00	1.83	2.82	3.67	
U	0.34	0.88	1.64	2.52	3.30	
F	0.29	0.81	1.48	2.29	2.99	

TABLE 4. VDD = 3.0V RISE/FALL TIMES FOR SPECIFIC CLOAD

RISE/FALL TIME TYP (NS)					
Drive Strength \ CLOAD	5 pF	15 pF	30 pF	45 pF	60 pF
L	3.60	7.21	11.97	18.74	24.30
Α	1.84	3.71	6.72	9.86	12.68
R	1.22	2.46	4.54	6.76	8.62
В	0.89	1.92	3.39	5.20	6.64
S for standard	0.51	1.00	1.97	3.07	3.90
E	0.38	0.92	1.72	2.71	3.51
U	0.30	0.83	1.55	2.40	3.13
F	0.27	0.76	1.39	2.16	2.85

TABLE 5. VDD = 3.3V RISE/FALL TIMES FOR SPECIFIC CLOAD

RISE/FALL TIME TYP (NS)					
Drive Strength \ CLOAD	5 pF	15 pF	30 pF	45 pF	60 pF
L	3.39	6.88	11.63	17.56	23.59
Α	1.74	3.50	6.38	8.98	12.19
R	1.16	2.33	4.29	6.04	8.34
В	0.81	1.82	3.22	4.52	6.33
S for standard	0.46	1.00	1.86	2.60	3.84
E	0.33	0.87	1.64	2.30	3.35
U	0.28	0.79	1.46	2.05	2.93
F	0.25	0.72	1.31	1.83	2.61



# PROGRAMMABLE DRIVE STRENGTH

#### PIN 1 CONFIGURATION OPTIONS (OE. ST. OR NC)

Pin 1 of the HTLPOP can be programmed to support three modes: Output enable (OE), standby (ST) or No Connect (NC).

#### **OUTPUT ENABLE (OE) MODE**

In the OE mode, applying logic Low to the OE pin only disables the output driver and puts it in Hi-Z mode. The core of the device continues to operate normally. Power consumption is reduced due to the inactivity of the output. When the OE pin is pulled High, the output is typically enabled in <1 $\mu$ s.

#### STANDBY (ST) MODE

In the ST mode, a device enters into the standby mode when Pin 1 pulled low. All internal circuits of the device are turned off. The current is reduced to a standby current, typically in the range of a few  $\mu$ A. When ST is pulled High, the device goes through the "resume" process, which can take up to 5 ms.

#### NO CONNECT (NC) MODE

In the NC mode, the device always operates in its normal mode and output the specified frequency regardless of the logic level on pin 1. Table 6 below summarizes the key relevant parameters in the operation of the device in OE, ST, or NC mode.

TABLE 6. OE vs. ST vs. NC

	0E	ST	NC
Active current 125 MHz (max, 1.8V)	4 mA	4 mA	4 mA
OE disable current (max. 1.8V)	3.8 mA	N/A	N/A
Standby current (typical 1.8V)	N/A	0.6 uA	N/A
OE enable time at 125 MHz (max)	162 ns	N/A	N/A
Resume time from standby (max, all frequency)	N/A	5 ms	N/A
Output driver in OE disable/ standby mode	High Z	pull-down	N/A

#### **OUTPUT ON STARTUP AND RESUME**

The HTLPOP comes with gated output. Its clock output is accurate to the rated frequency stability within the first pulse from initial device startup or resume from the standby mode.

In addition, the HTLPOP has NO RUNT, NO GLITCH output during startup or resume as shown in the waveform captures in Figure 8 and Figure 9.

#### FIGURE 8. STARTUP WAVEFORM vs. VDD

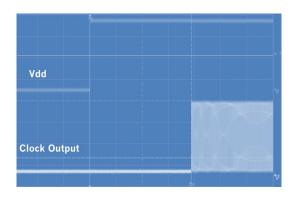
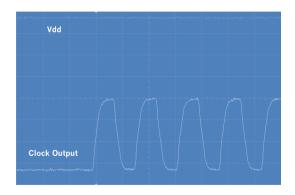


FIGURE 9. STARTUP WAVEFORM vs. Vdd (ZOOMED-IN VIEW OF FIGURE 8)

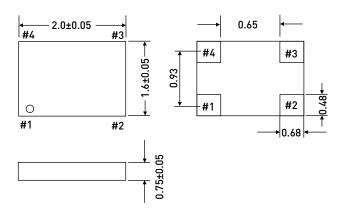




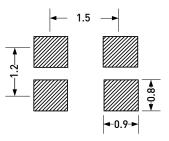
# **DIMENSIONS AND PATTERNS**

#### PACKAGE SIZE - DIMENSIONS (UNIT:MM)

2.0 X 1.6 X 0.75 MM

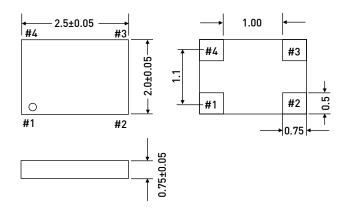


#### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (UNIT:MM) [6]

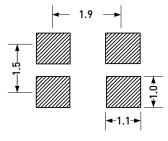


#### PACKAGE SIZE - DIMENSIONS (UNIT:MM)

2.5 X 2.0 X 0.75 MM

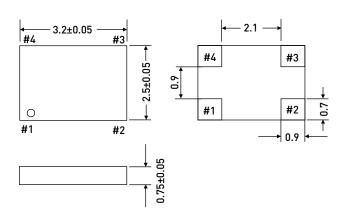


#### **RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (UNIT:MM)**

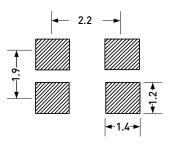


#### PACKAGE SIZE - DIMENSIONS (UNIT:MM)

3.2 X 2.5 X 0.75 MM



#### **RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (UNIT:MM)**

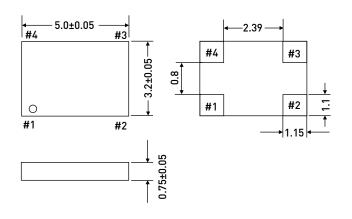




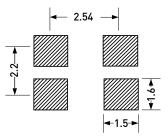
# **DIMENSIONS AND PATTERNS**

#### PACKAGE SIZE - DIMENSIONS (UNIT:MM)

5.0 X 3.2 X 0.75 MM

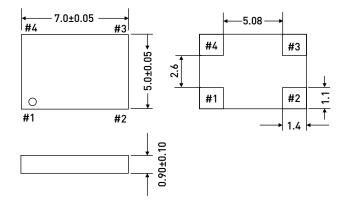


#### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (UNIT:MM) [7]

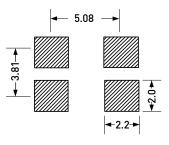


#### PACKAGE SIZE - DIMENSIONS (UNIT:MM)

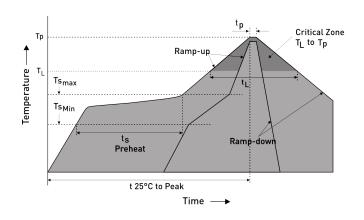
7.0 X 5.0 X 0.90 MM



#### **RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (UNIT:MM)**



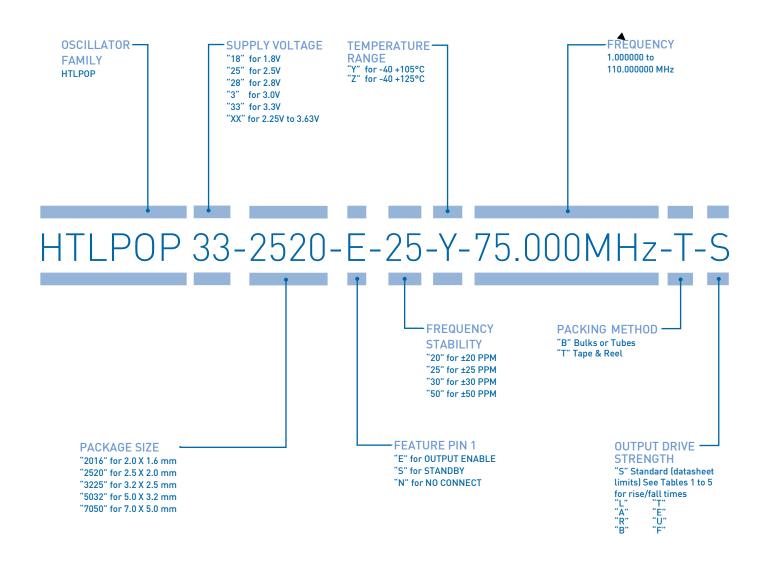
#### **REFLOW SOLDER PROFILE**



IPC/JEDEC Standard	IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1
TS MAX to TL (Ramp-up Rate)	3°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (TS MIN)	150°C
- Temperature Typical (TS TYP)	175°C
- Temperature Typical (TS MAX)	200°C
- Time (tS)	60 - 180 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (TL to TP)	3°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (TL)	217°C
- Time (TL)	60 - 150 Seconds
Peak Temperature (TP)	260°C Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (TP Target)	255°C
Time within 5°C of actual peak (tP)	20 -40 Seconds
Max. Number of Reflow Cycles	3
Ramp-down Rate	6°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	8 minutes Maximum



## ORDERING INFORMATION



EXAMPLE:HTLPOP33-2520-E-25-Y-75.000MHz-T-S

# PLEASE CLICK HERE TO CREATE YOUR OWN ORDERING CODE

# SAMPLES ARE AVAILABLE WITHIN A SHORT DELIVERY PERIOD!







# PREMIUM QUALITY BY PETERMANN-TECHNIK



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